



Corrugated Metal Pipe Design Guide



Corrugated Metal Pipe (CMP) Design Guide Table of Contents

Drainage Pipe Selection HEL-COR® Corrugated Steel Pipe **CORLIX®** Corrugated Aluminum Pipe **ULTRA FLO®** Installation of CMP Miscellaneous



Durability Design Guide

Proper design of culverts and storm sewers requires structural, hydraulic and durability considerations. While most designers are comfortable with structural and hydraulic design, the mechanics of evaluating abrasion, corrosion and water chemistry to perform a durability design are not commonly found in most civil engineering handbooks.

The durability and service life of a drainage pipe installation is directly related to the environmental conditions encountered at the site and the type of materials and coatings from which the culvert is fabricated. Two principle causes of reduced service life in drainage pipe materials are corrosion and abrasion.

Service life can be affected by the corrosive action of the backfill in contact with the outside of a drainage pipe or more commonly by the corrosive and abrasive action of the flow in the invert of the drainage pipe. The design life analysis should include a check for both the water side and soil side environments to determine which is more critical— or which governs service life.

The potential for metal loss in the invert of a drainage pipe due to abrasive flows is often overlooked by designers and its effects are often mistaken for corrosion. An estimate for potential abrasion is required at each pipe location in order to determine the appropriate material and gage.

This manual is intended to guide specifiers through the mechanics of selecting appropriate drainage products to meet service life requirements. The information contained in the following pages is a composite of several national guidelines.



Using the CMP Design Guide

The choice of material, gage and product type can be extremely important to service life. The following steps describe the procedure for selecting the appropriate drainage product, material and gage to meet a specific service life requirement.

Design Sequence

- Select pipe or structure based on hydraulic and clearance requirements. Use Tables 5 and 6 as reference for size limits and hydraulic properties of all drainage products.
- Use Height of Cover tables for the chosen pipe or structure to determine the material gage required for the specific loading condition.
- 3. Use Table 1 to select the appropriate material for the site-specific environmental conditions. Whenever possible, existing installations of drainage structures along the same water course offer the most reliable estimate of long-term performance for specific environment conditions. In many cases, there will be more than one material that is appropriate for the project environmental conditions. Generally speaking, the metal material types increase in price as you move from top down on Table 1. Please contact your local Contech Sales Representative for pricing.
- 4. Use Table 2 to determine which abrasion level most accurately describes the typical storm event (2 year storm). The expected stream velocity and associated abrasion conditions should be based on a typical flow and not a 10 or 50-year design flood.
- 5. Use Table 3 to determine whether the structural gage for the selected material is sufficient for the design service life. If the structural gage is greater than or equal to the gage required for a particular abrasion condition and service life, use the structural gage. Conversely, if the structural gage is less than the gage required for a particular abrasion condition and service life, use the gage required by Table 3.

Note:

Both Contech round pipe and pipe-arch are available with either helical or annular corrugations. Contech HEL-COR pipe (helical corrugations) is furnished with continuous lock seams and annular re-rolled ends or non-rerolled ends. For 3"x1" and 5"x1" HEL-COR pipe-arch, we recommend non-rerolled ends with flat or dimpled bands and flat gaskets. Contech riveted pipe is furnished with annular corrugations only. The height of cover tables in this guide are helical corrugations only. Consult your Contech representative for Height of Cover tables on riveted pipe.

Table 1 — Recommended Environments												
Material Type		Soil* and Water pH Resistivity (ol							(ohm-cm)			
	3	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12						12	Minimum	Maximum		
Galvanized Steel*											2,000	10,000
Aluminized Steel Type 2 (ALT2)											1,500	N/A
Polymer-Coated											250	N/A
Aluminum Alloy											500	N/A

^{*}Appropriate pH range for Galvanized Steel is 6.0 to 10

Table 2 — FHWA Abrasion Guidelines								
Abrasion Level	Abrasion Condition	Bed Load	Flow Velocity (fps)					
1	Non-Abrasive	None	Minimal					
2	Low Abrasion	Minor	< 5					
3	Moderate Abrasion	Moderate	5 - 15					
4	Severe Abrasion	Heavy	> 15					

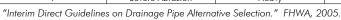




Table 3 – Drainage Product Usage Guide												
Application Culverts, Storm Drain, Cross Drain, Median Drain, Side Drain												
Roadway Classification	Rural	Minor	Major	Urban	Rural	Minor	Major	Urban	Rural	Minor	Major	Urban
Design Service Life	25	50	75	100	25	50	75	100	25	50	75	100
Abrasion Level		Abrasion L	evel 1 & 2			Abrasio	Level 3			Abrasio	n Level 4	
CMP (1/2" & 1" deep corrugations), ULTRA FLO® & Smooth Cor"												
Mi	nimum gag	e required	to meet des	ign service	life, assumi	ng that stru	ctural desig	n has been	met.			
Galvanized (2 oz.)	16	12	10	84	14	10	8	N/A	145	105	85	N/A
Galvanized and Asphalt Coated	16	14	10	8	14	12	8	N/A	145	125	8 ⁵	N/A
Galv., Asphalt Coated & Paved Invert	16	16	14	10	16	14	12	8	14	12	10	N/A
Aluminized Type 2 (ALT2)	16	16	16	14	14	14	14	12	146	146	146	126
Polymer-Coated	16	16	168	169	16	16	168	169	147	147	147,8	147,9
Aluminum Alloy	16	16	16	16	14	14	14	14	145	145	145	145

- 1. Based on Table 1 Recommended Environments.
- Based on Table 1 Recommended Environments.
 Smooth Cor™ Steel Pipe combines a corrugated steel exterior shell with a hydraulically smooth interior liner.
 Service life estimates for ULTRA FLO® and Smooth Cor™ Pipe assume a storm sewer application. Storm sewers rarely achieve abrasion levels 3 or 4. For applications other than storm sewers or abrasion conditions above Abrasion Level 2, please contact your Contech Sales Representative for gage and coating recommendations.
 Design service life for 8 GA galvanized is 97 years.
 Invert protection to consist of velocity reduction structures.
 Asphalt coated and paved invert or velocity reduction structures are needed.
 Requires a field applied concrete paved invert with minimum thickness 1" above corrugation crests.
 75 year service life for polymer-coated is based on a pH range of 4-9 and resistivity greater than 750 ohm-cm.
 100 year service life for polymer-coated is based on a pH range of 5-9 and resistivity greater than 1500 ohm-cm.

	Τα	ble 4 - AASHTO Re	eference Specification	s	
	Material Type	Material	Pipe	Design*	Installation*
	CMP (1/2" or 1" deep corrugations	5)			
	Galvanized (2 oz.)	M218	M36	Section 12	Section 26
	Asphalt Coated	M190	M36	Section 12	Section 26
	Asphalt Coated and Paved Invert	M190	M36	Section 12	Section 26
ŕ	Aluminized Type 2	M274	M36	Section 12	Section 26
∢	Polymer-Coated	M246	M36 & M245	Section 12	Section 26
Pipe	Aluminum Alloy	M197	M196	Section 12	Section 26
<u>م</u>	ULTRA FLO® (3/4" x 3/4" x 7-1/2"	corrugation)			
Pipe a	Galvanized (2 oz.)	M218	M36	Section 12	Section 26
₫	Aluminized Type 2	M274	M36	Section 12	Section 26
	Polymer-Coated	M246	M36 & M245	Section 12	Section 26
	Aluminum Alloy	M197	M196	Section 12	Section 26
	Smooth Cor™				
	Polymer-Coated	M246	M36 & M245	Section 12	Section 26

AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specification and AASHTO Standard Specification for Highway Bridges

	Table 5	- Product Dimensio	ons		
	Drainage Product	Common Uses	Size L		Manning's "n"
	Drumage Frodoti	Common Oses	Minimum	Maximum	Value
	Corrugated Steel (1/2" deep corrugation)		12"	84"	0.011 - 0.021
	Corrugated Steel with Paved Invert (1/2" deep corrugation)	Culverts, small	12"	84"	0.014 - 0.020
	Corrugated Steel (1" deep corrugation)	bridges, storm water detention/	54"	144"	0.022 - 0.027
e	Corrugated Steel with Paved Invert (1" deep corrugation)	retention systems, conduits, tunnels,	54"	144"	0.019 - 0.023
A Pipe	Corrugated Aluminum (1/2" deep corrugation)	storm sewers.	12"	72″	0.011 - 0.021
Round	Corrugated Aluminum (1" deep corrugation)		30″	120″	0.023 - 0.027
~	ULTRA FLO® Steel	<u> </u>	18"	102″	0.012
	ULTRA FLO® Aluminum	Storm sewers, culverts, storm	18"	84"	0.012
	Smooth Cor™ Steel (1/2" deep corrugation)	water detention/ retention systems.	18"	66"	0.012
	Smooth Cor™ Steel (1" deep corrugation)	Telefillett systems.	48"	126″	0.012
	Corrugated Steel (1/2" deep corrugation)		17" x 13"	83″ x 57″	0.011 - 0.021
	Corrugated Steel with Paved Invert (1/2" deep corrugation)	Culverts, small bridges, storm water detention/	17" x 13"	83″ x 57″	0.014 - 0.019
	Corrugated Steel (1" deep corrugation)		53" x 41"	142" x 91"	0.023 - 0.027
ا ے ا	Corrugated Steel with Paved Invert (1" deep corrugation)	retention systems, conduits, tunnels,	53" x 41"	142" x 91"	0.019 - 0.022
Pipe-Arch	Corrugated Aluminum (1/2" deep corrugation)	storm sewers.	17" x 13"	71" x 47"	0.011 - 0.021
je.	Corrugated Aluminum (1" deep corrugation)		60" x 46"	112" x 75"	0.023 - 0.027
	ULTRA FLO® Steel		20" x 16"	66" x 51"	0.012
	ULTRA FLO® Aluminum	Storm sewers, culverts, storm	20" x 16"	66" x 51"	0.012
	Smooth $Cor^{\text{\tiny TM}}$ Steel (1/2" deep corrugation)	water detention/ retention systems.	21" x 15"	77" x 52"	0.012
	Smooth $Cor^{\scriptscriptstyleTM}$ Steel (1" deep corrugation)	reterment systems.	53" x 41"	137" x 87"	0.012

^{*} For sizes outside of these limits, please contact your Contech representative.

		Table 6 –	- Corrugat	ed Steel Pip	e—Values	of Coefficie	ent of Rougi	nness (Manr	ning's "n")		
		Helical* Corrugation – 2 2/3" x 1/2"									Annular
2 2/3" x 1/2"	12 in.	15 in.	18 in.	24 in.	36 in.	48 in.	60 i	n. +	8 in.	10 in.	All Diameters
Unpaved	0.011	0.012	0.013	0.015	0.018	0.020	0.0)21	0.012	0.014	0.024
Paved Invert				0.014	0.017	0.020	0.0)19			0.021
Smooth Cor™			0.012	0.012	0.012	0.012	0.0	0.012			N/A
				Helical*	- 3" x 1"						
3" x 1"	36 in.	42 in.	48 in.	54 in.	60 in.	66 in.	72 in.	78 in. +			All Diameters
Unpaved	0.022	0.022	0.023	0.023	0.024	0.025	0.026	0.027			0.027
Paved Invert	0.019	0.019	0.020	0.020	0.021	0.022	0.022	0.023			0.023
Smooth Cor™			0.012	0.012	0.012	0.012	0.012	0.012			N/A
				Helical*	– 5" x 1"						
5" x 1"			48 in.	54 in.	60 in.	66 in.	72 in.	78 in. +			All Diameters
Unpaved			0.022	0.022	0.023	0.024	0.024	0.025			N/A
Paved Invert			0.019	0.019	0.020	0.021	0.021	0.022			N/A
ULTRA FLO®					4" x 7-1/2" rs n = 0.012						N/A

Tests on helically corrugated pipe demonstrate a lower coefficient of roughness than for annularly corrugated steel pipe. Pipe-arches have approximately the same roughness characteristics as their round equivalent pipes.

Area and Hydraulic Radius for Corrugated Steel Pipe Flowing Full

Round F	Round Pipe – Area & Hydraulic Radius									
Diameter (in.)	Area (Ft²)	Hydraulic Radius (ft.)								
12	0.8	0.250								
15	1.2	0.312								
18	1.8	0.375								
21	2.4	0.437								
24	3.1	0.500								
30	4.9	0.625								
36	7.1	0.750								
42	9.6	0.875								
48	12.6	1.000								
54	15.9	1.125								
60	19.6	1.250								
66	23.8	1.375								
72	28.1	1.500								
78	33.2	1.625								
84	38.5	1.750								
90	44.2	1.875								
96	50.3	2.000								
102	56.8	2.125								
108	63.6	2.250								
114	70.9	2.375								
120	78.5	2.500								
126	86.6	2.625								
132	95.0	2.750								
138	103.9	2.875								
144	113.1	3.000								

Notes:

- Listed pipe arch dimensions do not include tolerance.
 For additional detail, please reference the hydraulic radius tables (Figure 4.32 and 4.33) found in the NCSPA CSP Design Manual, 2018.

	Pipe-Arch – Area & Hydraulic Radius								
2 2/3" x 1/2" Corrugated Steel Pipe									
Diameter (in.)	Pipe-Arch Equivalent Size (in.)	Hydraulic Radius A/πD (ft.)							
15	17 x 13	1.1	0.280						
18	21 x 15	1.6	0.340						
21	24 x 18	2.2	0.400						
24	28 x 20	2.4	0.462						
30	35 x 24	4.5	0.573						
36	42 x 29	6.5	0.690						
42	49 x 33	8.9	0.810						
48	57 x 38	11.6	0.924						
54	64 x 43	14.7	1.040						
60	71 x 47	18.1	1.153						
66	77 x 52	21.9	1.268						
72	83 x 57	26.0	1.380						

	Pipe-Arch – Area & Hydraulic Radius									
3" x 1" or 5" x 1" Corrugated Steel Pipe										
Diameter (in.)	Pipe-Arch Equivalent Size (in.)	Waterway Area (Ft²)	Hydraulic Radius A/πD (ft.)							
54	60 x 46	15.6	1.104							
60	66 x 51	19.3	1.230							
66	73 x 55	23.2	1.343							
72	81 x 59	27.4	1.454							
78	87 x 63	32.1	1.573							
84	95 x 67	37.0	1.683							
90	103 x 71	42.4	1.800							
96	112 x 75	48.0	1.911							
102	117 x 79	54.2	2.031							
108	128 x 83	60.5	2.141							
114	137 x 87	67.4	2.259							
120	142 x 91	74.5	2.373							

ULTR	ULTRA FLO® Pipe-Arch – Area & Hydraulic Radius									
	2 2/3" x 1/2 " Corrugated Steel Pipe									
Diameter (in.)	Pipe-Arch Equivalent Size (in.)	Waterway Area (Ft²)	Hydraulic Radius A/πD (ft.)							
18	20 x 16	1.7	0.36							
21	23 x 19	2.3	0.42							
24	27 x 21	3.0	0.48							
30	33 x 26	4.7	0.60							
36	40 x 31	6.7	0.71							
42	46 x 36	9.2	0.84							
48	53 x 41	12.1	0.96							
54	60 x 46	15.6	1.10							
60	66 x 51	19.3	1.23							

HEL-COR® Corrugated Steel Pipe

Heights of Cover

2 2/3" x 1/2" Height of Cover Limits for Corrugated Steel Pipe

H 20 and H 25 Live Loads

		Maximum Cover ⁽²⁾ (ft.)							
	Minimum		Specif	ied Thickne	ss (in.) and				
Diameter (in.)	Cover (in.)	(0.052) 18	(0.064) 16	(0.079) 14	(0.109) 12	(0.138) 10	(0.168) 8		
6(8)	12	388	486						
8(8)	12	291	365						
10(8)	12	233	292						
12	12	197	248	310					
15	12	158	198	248					
18	12	131	165	206					
21	12	113	141	177	248				
24	12	98	124	155	217				
30	12		99	124	173				
36	12		83	103	145	186			
42	12		71	88	124	159	195		
48	12		62	77	108	139	171		
54	12			67	94	122	150		
60	12				80	104	128		
66	12				68	88	109		
72	12					75	93		
78	12						79		
84	12						66		

H 20 and H 25 Live Loads, Pipe-Arch

-							
Siz	ze	Minimum	Minimum Cover	Maximum Cover (ft.)			
Round Equivalent (in.)	Span x Rise (in.)	Thickness (in.)	(in.)	2 Tons/Ft. ² Corner Bearing Pressure			
15	17 x 13	0.064	12	16			
18	21 x 15	0.064	12	15			
21	24 x 18	0.064	12	15			
24	28 x 20	0.064	12	15			
30	35 x 24	0.064	12	15			
36	42 x 29	0.064	12	15			
42	49 x 33	0.064*	12	15			
48	57 x 38	0.064*	12	15			
54	64 x 43	0.079*	12	15			
60	71 x 47	0.109*	12	15			
66	77 x 52	0.109*	12	15			
72	83 x 57	0.138*	12	15			

E 80 Live Loads

		Maximum Cover ⁽²⁾ (ft.)						
		Specified Thickness (in.) and Gage						
Diameter (in.)	Minimum Cover (in.)	(0.052) 18	(0.064) 16	(0.079) 14	(0.109) 12	(0.138) 10	(0.168) 8	
12	12	197	248	310				
15	12	158	198	248				
18	12	131	165	206				
21	12	113	141	177	248			
24	12	98	124	155	217			
30	12		99	124	173			
36	12		83	103	145	186		
42	12		71	88	124	159	195	
48	12		62	77	108	139	171	
54	18			67	94	122	150	
60	18				80	104	128	
66	18				68	88	109	
72	18					75	93	
78	24						79	
84	24						66	

E 80 Live Loads, Pipe-Arch

Siz	re	Minimum	Minimum Cover	Maximum Cover (ft.)				
Round Equivalent (in.)	Span x Rise (in.)	Thickness (in.)	(in.)	3 Tons/Ft. ² Corner Bearing Pressure				
15	17 x 13	0.079	24	22				
18	21 x 15	0.079	24	22				
21	24 x 18	0.109	24	22				
24	28 x 20	0.109	24	22				
30	35 x 24	0.138	24	22				
36	42 x 29	0.138	24	22				
42	49 x 33	0.138*	24	22				
48	57 x 38	0.138*	24	22				
54	64 x 43	0.138*	24	22				
60	71 x 47	0.138*	24	22				

^{*} These values are based on the AISI Flexibility Factor limit (0.0433 x 1.5) for pipe-arch.

Heights of Cover Notes:

- These tables are for lock-seam or welded-seam construction. They are not for riveted construction. Consult your Contech Sales Representative for Height of Cover tables on riveted pipe.
- 2. These values, where applicable, were calculated using a load factor of K=0.86 as adopted in the NCSPA CSP Design Manual, 2018.
- The haunch areas of a pipe-arch are the most critical zone for backfilling. Extra care should be taken to provide good material and compaction to a point above the spring line.
- 4. E 80 minimum cover is measured from top of pipe to bottom of tie.
- H 20 and H 25 minimum cover is measured from top of pipe to bottom of flexible pavement or top of rigid pavement.
- 6. The pipe-arch tables are based on the corner bearing pressures as shown. These values may increase or decrease with changes in allowable corner bearing pressures. Consider the use of a round pipe in cases where the height of cover exceeds 8'.

- 7. For construction loads, see Page 15.
- 8. $1-\frac{1}{2}$ " x $\frac{1}{4}$ " corrugation. H 20, H 25 and E 80 loading.
- Smooth Cor[™] has same Height of Cover properties as corrugated steel pipe. The exterior shell of Smooth Cor[™] is manufactured in either 2 ²/₃" x ¹/₂" or 3" x 1" corrugations; maximum exterior shell is 12 GA.

Heights of Cover

$5'' \times 1''$ or $3'' \times 1''$ Height of Cover Limits for Corrugated Steel Pipe

H 20 and H 25 Live Loads

		Maximum Cover (ft.)						
	Minimum	Specified Thickness (in.) and Gage						
Diameter (in.)	Cover (in.)	(0.064) 16	(0.079) 14	(0.109) 12	(0.138) 10	(0.168) 8		
54	12	56	70	98	127	155		
60	12	50	63	88	114	139		
66	12	46	57	80	103	127		
72	12	42	52	74	95	116		
78	12	39	48	68	87	107		
84	12	36	45	63	81	99		
90	12	33	42	59	76	93		
96	12	31	39	55	71	87		
102	18	29	37	52	67	82		
108	18		35	49	63	77		
114	18		32	45	58	72		
120	18		30	42	54	66		
126	18			39	50	61		
132	18			36	46	58		
138	18			33	43	53		
144	18				39	49		

Maximum cover heights shown are for 5" x 1".

To obtain maximum cover for 3" x 1", increase these values by 12%.

E 80 Live Loads

		Maximum Cover (ft.)							
Diameter or	Minimum	Specified Thickness (in.) and Gage							
Span (in.)	Cover (in.)	(0.064) 16	(0.079) 14	(0.109) 12	(0.138) 10	(0.168) 8			
54	18	56	70	98	127	155			
60	18	50	63	88	114	139			
66	18	46	57	80	103	127			
72	18	42	52	74	95	116			
78	24	39	48	68	87	107			
84	24	36	45	63	81	99			
90	24	33(1)	42	59	76	93			
96	24	31(1)	39	55	71	87			
102	30	29(1)	37	52	67	82			
108	30		35	49	63	77			
114	30		32(1)	45	58	72			
120	30		30(1)	42	54	66			
126	36			39	50	61			
132	36			36	46	58			
138	36			33(1)	43	53			
144	36				39	49			

Maximum cover heights shown are for 5" x 1".

To obtain maximum cover for $3'' \times 1''$, increase these values by 12%.

(1) These diameters in these gages require additional minimum cover.

Heights of Cover Notes:

- These tables are for lock-seam or welded-seam construction. They are not for riveted construction. Consult your Contech Sales Representative for Height of Cover tables on riveted pipe.
- 2. These values, where applicable, were calculated using a load factor of K=0.86 as adopted in the NCSPA CSP Design Manual, 2018.
- 3. The span and rise shown in these tables are nominal. Typically the actual rise that forms is greater than the specified nominal. This actual rise is within the tolerances as allowed by the AASHTO & ASTM specifications. The minimum covers shown are more conservative than required by the AASHTO and ASTM specifications to account for this anticipated increase in rise. Less cover height may be tolerated depending upon actual rise of supplied pipe-arch.
- The haunch areas of a pipe-arch are the most critical zone for backfilling. Extra care should be taken to provide good material and compaction to a point above the spring line.

5" x 1" Pipe-Arch Height of Cover Limits for Corrugated Steel Pipe

H 20 and H 25 Live Loads

Size			M:-:	Minimum	Maximum Cover (ft.)	
Round	Nom	inal	Minimum Thickness (in.)	Cover	2 Tons/Ft. ² Corner	
Equivalent (in.)	Min. Span (in.)	Max. Rise (in.)		(in.)	Bearing Pressure	
54	60 -2.7	46 +2.7	0.109	18	21	
60	66 -3.0	51 +3.0	0.109	18	21	
66	73 -3.3	55 +3.3	0.109	18	21	
72	81 -3.6	59 +3.6	0.109	18	21	
78	87 -4.4	63 +4.4	0.109	18	20	
84	95 -4.8	67 +4.8	0.109	18	20	
90	103 -5.2	71 +5.2	0.109	18	20	
96	112 -5.6	75 +5.6	0.109	21	20	
102	117 -5.9	79 +5.9	0.109	21	19	
108	128 -6.4	83 +6.4	0.109	24	19	
114	137 -6.9	87 +6.9	0.109	24	19	
120	142 -7.1	91 +7.1	0.138	24	19	

Larger sizes are available in some areas of the United States. Check with your local Contech representative. Negative and positive numbers listed with span and rise dimensions are negative and positive tolerances, no tolerance in opposite direction.

E 80 Live Loads, Pipe-Arch

Size				Minimum	Maximum Cover (ft.)	
Round	Nom	inal	Minimum Thickness (in.)	Cover (in.)	2 Tons/Ft. ² Corner	
Equivalent (in.)	Min. Span (in.)	Max. Rise (in.)		(111.)	Bearing Pressure	
54	60 -2.7	46 +2.7	0.109	30	21	
60	66 -3.0	51 +3.0	0.109	30	21	
66	73 -3.3	55 +3.3	0.109	30	21	
72	81 -3.6	59 +3.6	0.109	30	21	
78	87 -4.4	63 +4.4	0.109	30	18	
84	95 -4.8	67 +4.8	0.109	30	18	
90	103 -5.2	71 +5.2	0.109	36	18	
96	112 -5.6	75 +5.6	0.109	36	18	
102	117 -5.9	79 +5.9	0.109	36	17	
108	128 -6.4	83 +6.4	0.109	42	17	
114	137 -6.9	87 +6.9	0.109	42	17	
120	142 -7.1	91 +7.1	0.138	42	17	

Some $3'' \times 1''$ and $5'' \times 1''$ minimum gages shown for pipe-arch are due to manufacturing limitations. Negative and positive numbers listed with span and rise dimensions are negative and positive tolerances, no tolerance in opposite direction.

- E 80 minimum cover is measured from top of pipe to bottom of tie.
- H 20 and H 25 minimum cover is measured from top of pipe to bottom of flexible pavement or top of rigid pavement.
- 7. The pipe-arch tables are based on the corner bearing pressures as shown. These values may increase or decrease with changes in allowable corner bearing pressures. Consider the use of a round pipe in cases where the height of cover exceeds 8'.
- 3. For construction loads, see Page 15.
- Smooth Cor™ has same Height of Cover properties as corrugated steel pipe. The exterior shell of Smooth Cor™ is manufactured in either 2 ²/₃" x ¹/₂" or
 - 3" x 1" corrugations; maximum exterior shell is 12 GA.

Heights of Cover

3" x 1" Pipe-Arch Height of Cover Limits for Corrugated Steel Pipe-Arch

H 20 and H 25 Live Loads

Size			Minimum	Minimum	Maximum Cover (ft.)
Round	Non	ninal	Thickness (in.)	Cover (in.)	2 Tons/Ft.2 Corner
Equivalent (in.)	Min. Span (in.)	Max. Rise (in.)	(111.)	(111.)	Bearing Pressure
48	53 -2.4	41 +2.4	0.079	12	25
54	60 -2.7	46 +2.7	0.079	15	25
60	66 -3.0	51 +3.0	0.079	15	25
66	73 -3.3	55 +3.3	0.079	18	24
72	81 -3.6	59 +3.6	0.079	18	21
78	87 -4.4	63 +4.4	0.079	18	20
84	95 -4.8	67 +4.8	0.079	18	20
90	103 -5.2	71 +5.2	0.079	18	20
96	112 -5.6	75 +5.6	0.079	21	20
102	117 -5.9	79 +5.9	0.109	21	19
108	128 -6.4	83 +6.4	0.109	24	19
114	137 -6.9	87 +6.9	0.109	24	19
120	142 -7.1	91 +7.1	0.138	24	19

Larger sizes are available in some areas of the United States. Check with your local Contech Sales Representative. Negative and positive numbers listed with span and rise dimensions are negative and positive tolerances, no tolerance in opposite direction.

E 80 Live Loads, Pipe-Arch

Size			Minimum	Minimum	Maximum Cover (ft.)
Round	Nom	inal	Thickness	Cover	2 Tons/Ft.2 Corner
Equivalent (in.)	Min. Span (in.)	Max. Rise (in.)	(in.)	(in.)	Bearing Pressure
48	53 -2.4	41 +2.4	0.079	24	25
54	60 -2.7	46 +2.7	0.079	24	25
60	66 -3.0	51 +3.0	0.079	24	25
66	73 -3.3	55 +3.3	0.079	30	24
72	81 -3.6	59 +3.6	0.079	30	21
78	87 -4.4	63 +4.4	0.079	30	18
84	95 -4.8	67 +4.8	0.079	30	18
90	103 -5.2	71 +5.2	0.079	36	18
96	112 -5.6	75 +5.6	0.079	36	18
102	117 -5.9	79 +5.9	0.109	36	17
108	128 -6.4	83 +6.4	0.109	42	17
114	137 -6.9	87 +6.9	0.109	42	17
120	142 -7.1	91 +7.1	0.138	42	17

Some $3'' \times 1''$ and $5'' \times 1''$ minimum gages shown for pipe-arch are due to manufacturing limitations. Negative and positive numbers listed with span and rise dimensions are negative and positive tolerances, no tolerance in opposite direction.

Heights of Cover Notes:

- These tables are for lock-seam or welded-seam construction. They are not for riveted construction. Consult your Contech Sales Representative for Height of Cover tables on riveted pipe.
- These values, where applicable, were calculated using K=0.86 as adopted in the NCSPA CSP Design Manual, 2018.
- 3. The span and rise shown in these tables are nominal. Typically the actual rise that forms is greater than the specified nominal. This actual rise is within the tolerances as allowed by the ASHTO & ASTM specifications. The minimum covers shown are more conservative than required by the AASHTO and ASTM specifications to account for this anticipated increase in rise. Less cover height may be tolerated depending upon actual rise of supplied pipe-arch.
- 4. The haunch areas of a pipe-arch are the most critical zone for backfilling. Extra care should be taken to provide good material and compaction to a point above the spring line.
- 5. E 80 minimum cover is measured from top of pipe to bottom of tie.
- H 20 and H 25 minimum cover is measured from top of pipe to bottom of flexible pavement or top of rigid pavement.
- 7. The pipe-arch tables are based on the corner bearing pressures as shown. These values may increase or decrease with changes in allowable corner bearing pressures. Consider the use of a round pipe in cases where the height of cover exceeds 8'.
- 8. For construction loads, see Page 15.
- Smooth Cor™ has same Height of Cover properties as corrugated steel pipe. The exterior shell of Smooth Cor™ is manufactured in either 2 ²/₃" x ¹/₂" or 3" x 1" corrugations; maximum exterior shell is 12 GA.



Approximate Weight (lbs/ft) HEL-COR® Corrugated Steel Pipe

(Estimated Average Weights—Not for Specification Use)

1 1/2" x 1/4" Corrugation										
Inside Diameter (in.)	Specified Thickness (in.)	Galvanized & ALT2	Asphalt Coated							
,	0.052	4	5							
0	0.064	5	6							
0	0.052	5	6							
0	0.064	6	7							
10	0.052	6	7							
10	0.064	7	8							

Steel Thicknesses by Gage								
Gage (GA)	18	16	14	12	10	8		
Thickness	.052	.064	.079	.109	.138	.168		

2 2/3" x 1/2" Corrugation										
Inside Diameter (in.)	Specified Thickness (in.)	Galvanized & ALT2	Asphalt Coated	Asphalt Coated w/ Paved Invert	Smooth Cor™					
	0.052	8	10	13						
12	0.064	10	12	15						
	0.079	12	14	17						
	0.052	10	13	16						
15	0.064	12	15	18						
	0.079	15	18	21						
	0.052	12	16	19						
18	0.064	15	19	22	25					
	0.079	18	22	25	28					
	0.052	14	18	23						
21	0.064	17	21	26	29					
21	0.079	21	25	30	33					
	0.109	29	33	33	41					
	0.052	15	20	26						
24	0.064	19	24	30	30					
24	0.079	24	29	35	38					
	0.109	33	38	44	47					
	0.064	24	30	36	42					
30	0.079	30	36	42	48					
	0.109	41	47	53	59					
	0.064	29	36	44	51					
36	0.079	36	43	51	58					
30	0.109	49	56	64	71					
	0.138	62	69	77						
	0.064	34	42	51	60					
	0.079	42	50	59	68					
42	0.109	57	65	74	82					
	0.138	72	80	89						
	0.168	88	96	105						
	0.064	38	48	57	67					
	0.079	48	58	67	77					
48	0.109	65	75	84	94					
	0.138	82	92	101						
	0.168	100	110	119						
	0.079	54	65	76	87					
54	0.109	73	84	95	106					
	0.138	92	103	114						
	0.168	112	123	134						
	0.109	81	92	106	117					
60	0.138	103	114	128						
	0.168	124	135	149	100					
	0.109	89	101	117	129					
66	0.138	113	125	141						
	0.168	137	149	165	(0)					
72	0.138	123	137	154	(2)					
	0.168	149	163	180	(0)					
78	0.168	161	177	194	(2)					
84	0.168	173	190	208	(2)					

	3″ x	1" or 5" x	1" Corru	gation	
Inside Diameter (in.)	Specified Thickness (in.)	Galvanized & ALT2	Asphalt Coated	Asphalt Coated w/ Paved Invert	Smooth Cor™
	0.064	50	66	84	84
54	0.079	61	77	95	95 118
	0.109	83	100 123	118 140	118
	0.138 0.168	106 129	146	163	
	0.166	55	73	93	93
	0.079	67	86	105	105
60	0.109	92	110	130	130
	0.138	118	136	156	
	0.168	143	161	181	
	0.064	60	80	102	102
	0.079	74	94	116	116
66	0.109	101	121	143	145
	0.138	129	149	171	
	0.168	157	177	199	110
	0.064	66	88	111	112
70	0.079	81	102	126	127
72	0.109	110 140	132 162	156 186	157
	0.138	171	162	217	
	0.168	71	95	121	120
	0.064	87	111	137	136
78	0.109	119	143	169	168
, 0	0.138	152	176	202	100
	0.168	185	209	235	
	0.064	77	102	130	130
	0.079	94	119	147	147
84	0.109	128	154	182	181
	0.138	164	189	217	
	0.168	199	224	253	
	0.064	82	109	140	139
	0.079	100	127	158	157
90	0.109	137	164	195	194
	0.138	175	202	233	
	0.168	213	240	271	2.40
	0.064	87	116	149	148
0/	0.079	107	136	169	168
96	0.109 0.138	147	176 217	209 250	208
	0.138	228	257	290	
	0.168	93	124	158	158
	0.004	114	145	179	179
102	0.109	155	186	220	222
	0.138	198	229	263	
	0.168	241	272	306	
	0.079	120	153	188	189
108	0.109	165	198	233	235
100	0.138	211	244	279	
	0.168	256	289	324	
	0.079	127	162	199	200
114	0.109	174	209	246	248
	0.138	222	257	294	
	0.168	271	306	343	011
	0.079	134	171	210 259	211 260
120	0.109 0.138	183 234	220 271	310	200
	0.138	284	321	360	
	0.108	195	233	274	276
126	0.107	247	285	326	2,0
0	0.168	299	338	378	
	0.109	204	244	287	289
132	0.138	259	299	342	
	0.168	314	354	397	
	0.109	213	255	300	300
138	0.138	270	312	357	
	0.168	328	370	415	
144	0.138	282	326	373	
	0.168	344	388	435	(2)
1 Wajahta	f l		10/ 1	a 4% higher var	: L

^{1.} Weights for polymer-coated pipe are 1% to 4% higher, varying by

^{2.} Please contact your Contech Sales Representative.

Weights listed in the 3" x 1" or 5" x 1" table are for 3" x 1" pipe. Weights for 5" x 1" are approximately 12% less than those used in this table, for metallic coated pipe.

CORLIX® Corrugated Aluminum Pipe

Heights of Cover

2 2/3" X 1/2" Height of Cover Limits for Corrugated Aluminum Pipe



HL 93 Live Load

	M::	Maximum Cover (ft.)					
Diameter	Minimum Cover	ied Thickne	ed Thickness (in.) and Gage				
(in.)	(in.)	(0.048) 18	(0.060) 16	(0.075) 14	(0.105) 12	(0.135) 10	(0.164) 8
6(4)	12	197	247				
8(4)	12	147	185				
10(4)	12	119	148				
12	12		125	157			
15	12		100	125			
18	12		83	104			
21	12		71	89			
24	12		62	78	109		
27	12			69	97		
30	12			62	87		
36	12			51	73	94	
42	12				62	80	
48	12				54	70	85
54	15				48	62	76
60	15					52	64
66	18						52
72	18						43

2 2/3" x 1/2" Height of Cover Limits for Corrugated Aluminum Pipe-Arch



HL 93 Live Load

Size		Minimum	Minimum	Maximum Cover (ft.)	
Round Equivalent (in.)	Span x Rise (in.)	Gage	Cover (in.)	2 Tons/Ft.2 for Corner Bearing Pressures	
15	17 x 13	16	12	13	
18	21 x 15	16	12	12	
21	24 x 18	16	12	12	
24	28 x 20	14	12	12	
30	35 x 24	14	12	12	
36	42 x 29	12	12	12	
42	49 x 33	12	15	12	
48	57 x 38	10	15	12	
54	64 x 43	10	18	12	
60	71 x 47	8(5)	18	12	

Notes:

- Height of cover is measured to top of rigid pavement or to bottom of flexible pavement.
- 2. Maximum cover meets AASHTO LRFD design criteria.
- 3. Minimum cover meets AASHTO and ASTM B 790 design criteria.
- 4. 1 1/2" x 1/4" corrugation.
- 5. 8 GA pipe has limited availability.
- 6. For construction loads, see page 15.
- 7. Consult your Contech Sales Representative for E 80 Live Loads.

Heights of Cover

3" x 1" Height of Cover Limits for Corrugated Aluminum Pipe

HL 93 Live Load

Diameter	Minimum Cover	Specified Thickness (in.) and Gage						
(in.)	(in.)	(0.060) 16	(0.075) 14	(0.105) 12	(0.135) 10	(0.164) 8		
30	12	57	72	101	135	159		
36	12	47	60	84	112	132		
42	12	40	51	72	96	113		
48	12	35	44	62	84	99		
54	15	31	39	55	74	88		
60	15	28	35	50	67	79		
66	18	25	32	45	61	72		
72	18	23	29	41	56	66		
78	21		27	38	51	61		
84	21			35	48	56		
90	24			33	44	52		
96	24			31	41	49		
102	24				39	46		
108	24				37	43		
114	24					39		
120	24					36		

3" x 1" Height of Cover Limits for Corrugated Aluminum Pipe-Arch

HL 93 Live Load

Size		Minimum	Minimum	Maximum Cover (ft.)
Round Equivalent (in.)	Span x Rise (in.)	Gage	Cover (in.)	2 Tons/Ft.2 for Corner Bearing Pressures
54	60 x 46	14	15	20
60	66 x 51	14	18	20
66	73 x 55	14	21	20
72	81 x 59	12	21	16
78(4)	87 x 63	12	24	16
84(4)	95 x 67	12	24	16
90(4)	103 x 71	10	24	16
96(4)	112 x 75	8(5)	24	16

Notes:

- Height of cover is measured to top of rigid pavement or to bottom of flexible pavement.
- 2. Maximum cover meets AASHTO LRFD design criteria.
- 3. Minimum cover meets ASTM B 790 design criteria.
- 4. Limited availability on these sizes.
- 5.8 GA pipe has limited availability.
- 6. For construction loads, see page 15.
- 7. Consult your Contech Sales Representative for E 80 Live Loads.

Approximate Weight/Foot CORLIX® Corrugated Aluminum Pipe

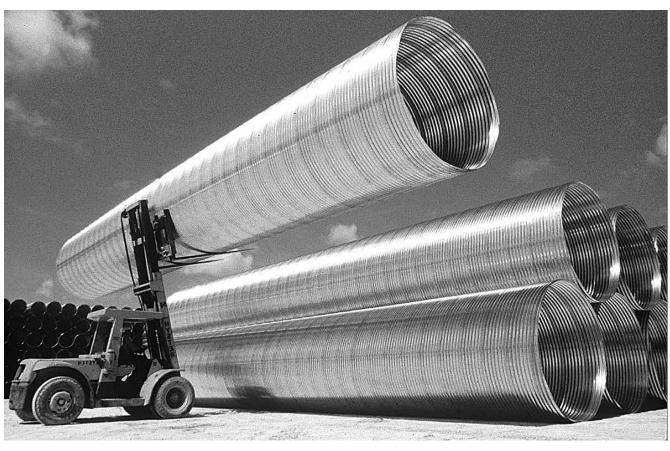
(Estimated Average Weights—Not for Specification Use)

	2 ² / ₃ " x ¹ / ₂ " Corrugation Aluminum Pipe							
			Weight (Lb.	/Lineal Ft.)1				
Diameter		Spe	ecified Thickne	ess (in.) and G	age			
(in.)	(0.048) 18	(0.060) 16	(0.075) 14	(0.105) 12	(0.135) 10	(0.164) 8		
6(2)	1.3	1.6						
8(2)	1.7	2.1						
10(2)	2.1	2.6						
12		3.2	4.0					
15		4.0	4.9					
18		4.8	5.9					
21		5.6	6.9					
24		6.3	7.9	10.8				
27			8.8	12.2				
30			9.8	13.5				
36			11.8	16.3	20.7			
42				19.0	24.2			
48				21.7	27.6	33.5		
54				24.4	31.1	37.7		
60					34.6	41.9		
66						46.0		
72						50.1		

3" x 1" Corrugation Aluminum Pipe							
Weight (Lb./Lineal Ft.) ¹							
	Specified	Thickness (in.)	and Gage				
(0.060) 16	(0.075) 14	(0.105) 12	(0.135) 10	(0.164) 8			
9.3	11.5	15.8	20.2	24.5			
11.1	13.7	18.9	24.1	29.3			
12.9	16.0	22.0	28.0	34.1			
14.7	18.2	25.1	32.0	38.8			
16.5	20.5	28.2	35.9	43.6			
18.3	22.7	31.3	40.0	48.3			
20.2	24.9	34.3	43.7	53.0			
22.0	27.1	37.4	47.6	57.8			
	29.3	40.4	51.5	62.5			
		43.5	55.4	67.2			
		46.6	59.3	71.9			
		49.6	63.2	76.7			
			66.6	80.8			
			71.0	86.1			
				90.9			
				95.6			
	(0.060) 16 9.3 11.1 12.9 14.7 16.5 18.3 20.2	Wei Specified (0.060) 16 14 1.5 11.1 13.7 12.9 16.0 14.7 18.2 16.5 20.5 18.3 22.7 20.2 24.9 22.0 27.1	Weight (Lb./Lineal Specified Thickness (in.) (0.060) (0.075) (0.105) 14 12 9.3 11.5 15.8 11.1 13.7 18.9 12.9 16.0 22.0 14.7 18.2 25.1 16.5 20.5 28.2 18.3 22.7 31.3 20.2 24.9 34.3 22.0 27.1 37.4 29.3 40.4 43.5	Weight (Lb./Lineal Ft.) Specified Thickness (in.) and Gage (0.060)			

Notes:

- 1. Helical lockseam pipe only. Annular riveted pipe weights will be higher.
 2. 1 ½" x ¼" Corrugation.
 3. 8 GA pipe has limited availability.



ULTRA FLO®

Heights of Cover

Galvanized, ALUMINIZED STEEL Type 2 or Polymer-Coated** Steel ULTRA FLO® <u>H 20 and H 25</u> Live Load

-								
	Minimum/Maximum Cover (ft.)							
		Specified Thickness (in.) and Gage						
	(0.064)	(0.079)	(0.109)	(0.138)				
Diameter (in.)	16	14	12	10				
18	1.0 / 108	1.0 / 151						
21	1.0 / 93	1.0 / 130	1.0 / 216					
24	1.0 / 81	1.0 / 113	1.0 / 189					
30	1.0 / 65	1.0 / 91	1.0 / 151					
36	1.0 / 54	1.0 / 75	1.0 / 126					
42	1.0 / 46	1.0 / 65	1.0 / 108					
48	1.0 / 40	1.0 / 56	1.0 / 94	1.0 / 137				
54	1.25 / 36	1.25 / 50	1.0 / 84	1.0 / 122				
60	1.25*/32*	1.25 / 45	1.0 / 75	1.0 / 109				
66		1.5 / 41	1.25 / 68	1.25 / 99				
72		1.5*/37*	1.25 / 63	1.25 / 91				
78		1.75*/34*	1.5 / 58	1.5 / 84				
84			1.75 / 54	1.75 / 78				
90			2.0*/50*	2.0 / 73				
96			2.0*/47*	2.0 / 68				
102			2.5*/43*	2.5 / 61				
108				2.5*/54*				
114				2.5*/49*				
120				2.5*/43*				

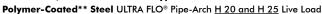
Galvanized, ALUMINIZED STEEL Type 2 or Polymer-Coated** Steel ULTRA FLO® E 80 Live Load

Polymer-Codred ** Steel OLIKA FLO® E 80 Live Load									
	Minimum/Maximum Cover (ft.)								
		Specified Thickness (in.) and Gage							
	(0.064)	(0.079)	(0.109)	(0.138)					
Diameter (in.)	16	14	12	10					
18	1.0 / 93	1.0 / 130							
21	1.0 / 79	1.0 / 111	1.0 / 186						
24	1.0 / 69	1.0 / 97	1.0 / 162						
30	1.0 / 55	1.0 / 78	1.0 / 130						
36	1.5 / 46	1.25 / 65	1.0 / 108						
42	1.5 / 39	1.5 / 55	1.25 / 93						
48	2.0 / 34	1.75 / 48	1.5 / 81	1.5 / 118					
54	3.0* / 28*	2.0 / 43	1.5 / 72	1.5 / 104					
60		2.0 / 39	1.75 / 65	1.75 / 94					
66		2.5* / 35*	2.0 / 58	2.0 / 85					
72			2.0 / 49	2.0 / 78					
78			2.5 / 42	2.5 / 72					
84			2.75* / 35*	2.5 / 67					
90				2.5 / 62					
96				2.5* / 58*					
102				3.0* / 52*					

Notes:

- The tables for Steel H 20 and H 25 loading are based on the NCSPA Design Manual, 2018 and were calculated using a load factor of K=0.86. The tables for Steel E 80 loading are based on the AREMA Manual. The tables for Aluminum HL 93 loading are based on AASHTO LRFD Design Criteria.
- The haunch areas of a pipe-arch are the most critical zone for backfilling. Extra care should be taken to provide good material and compaction to a point above the spring line.
- 3. E 80 minimum cover is measured from top of pipe to bottom of tie.
- 4. H 20, H 25 and HL 93 minimum cover is measured from top of pipe to bottom of flexible pavement or top of rigid pavement.
- 5. The pipe-arch tables are based on the corner bearing pressures as shown. These values may increase or decrease with changes in allowable corner bearing pressures. Consider the use of a round pipe in cases where the height of cover exceeds 8'.
- 6. Larger size pipe-arches may be available on special order.
- 7. M.L. (Heavier gage is required to prevent crimping at the haunches.)
- 8. For construction loads, see Page 15.
- Sewer gage (trench conditions) tables for corrugated steel pipe can be found in the AISI book "Modern Sewer Design," 4th Edition, 1999. These tables may reduce the minimum gage (GA) due to a higher flexibility factor allowed for a trench condition.

Galvanized, ALUMINIZED STEEL Type 2 or



		Minim	num/Maximum Cove	ar (ft)				
	Size		Specified Thickness (in.) and Gage					
Round Equivalent (in.)	Equivalent Span x Rise (in.)		(0.079) 14	(0.109) 12				
18	20 x 16	1.0 / 16						
21	23 x 19	1.0 / 15						
24	27 x 21	1.0 / 13						
30	33 x 26	1.0 / 13	1.0 / 13					
36	40 x 31	1.0 / 13	1.0 / 13					
42	46 x 36	M.L. ⁷	M.L. ⁷	1.0 / 13				
48	53 x 41	M.L. ⁷	M.L. ⁷	1.25 / 13				
54	60 x 46	M.L. ⁷	M.L. ⁷	1.25 / 13				
60	66 x 51	M.L. ⁷	M.L. ⁷	1.25 / 13				

Galvanized, ALUMINIZED STEEL Type 2 or

Polymer-Coated** Steel ULTRA FLO® Pipe-Arch E 80 Live Load

-						
:	Size	Minimum/Maximum Cover (ft.) Specified Thickness (in.) and Gage				
Round Equivalent (in.)	Span x Rise (in.)	(0.064) 16	(0.109) 12			
18	20 x 16	2.0 / 22				
21	23 x 19	2.0 / 21				
24	27 x 21	2.0 / 18				
30	33 x 26	2.0 / 18				
36	40 x 31	2.0 / 17				
42	46 x 36		2.0 / 18			
48	53 x 41		2.0 / 18			
54	60 x 46		2.0 / 18			
60	66 x 51		2.0 / 18			



Polymer-coated ULTRA FLO® provides added durability.

- 10. All heights of cover are based on trench conditions. If embankment conditions exist, there may be restriction on gages for the large diameters. Your Contech Sales Representative can provide further guidance for a project in embankment conditions.
- 11. All steel ULTRA FLO® is installed in accordance with ASTM A798 "Installing Factory-Made Corrugated Steel Pipe for Sewers and Other Applications."
- * These sizes and gage combinations are installed in accordance with ASTM A796 paragraphs 18.2.3 and ASTM A798. For aluminum ULTRA FLO® refer to ASTM B790 and B788.
- * Contact your local Contech representative for more specific information on Polymer-Coated ULTRA FLO® for 12 GA and 10 GA.
- **Consult your Contech Sales Representative for E 80 Live Loads for Aluminum ULTRA FLO®.

Heights of Cover



(0.135) 10

1.5/69

1.75/59 2.0/51 2.0/46

2.0/41 2.0/37

2.5*/34*

Minimum/Maximum Cover (ft.)
Specified Thickness (in.) and Gage

(0.105) 12

1.0/84

1.0/73

1.25/58

1.5/49

1.75/41

2.0/36 2.0/32

2.0*/29*

(0.075) 14

1.0/61

1.0/52

1.0/45

1.25/36

1.50/30

1.75*/25*

Aluminum ULTRA FLO® HL 93 Live Load

(0.060) 16

1.0/43

1.0/38

1.0/33

1.25/26

Diameter (in.)

21

24

30

36

42

48

54

60

66

Aluminum ULTRA FLO $^{\circ}$ Pipe-Arch <u>HL 93</u> Live Load



	Siz	Minimum/Maximum Cover (ft.) Specified Thickness (in.) and Gage				
	Round Equivalent Span x Rise (in.)		(0.060) 16	(0.075) 14	(0.105) 12	(0.135) 10
	18	20 x 16	1.0/16			
	21	23 x 19	1.0/15			
	24	27 x 21	1.25/13	1.25/13		
	30	33 x 26	1.5/13	1.5/13	1.5/13	
	36	40 x 31		1.75/13	1.75/13	
4	42	46 x 36			2.0/13	2.0/13
4	48	53 x 41			2.0/13	2.0/13
	54	60 x 46			2.0*/13*	2.0/13
-	60	66 x 51				2.0/13

See previous page for height of cover notes.

Approximate Weight/Foot Contech ULTRA FLO® Pipe

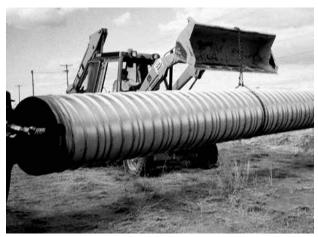
Handling Weight for ALUMINIZED STEEL Type 2 or Galvanized Steel ULTRA FLO $^{\otimes}$

		Weight (Pound	ls/Lineal Foot)						
Diameter (in.)	Specified Thickness (in.) and Gage								
Didilicici (III.)	(0.064) 16	(0.079) 14	(0.109) 12	(0.138) 10					
18	15	18							
21	17	21	29						
24	19	24	36						
30	24	30	42						
36	29	36	50						
42	33	42	58						
48	38	48	66	80					
54	45	54	75	90					
60	48	60	83	99					
66		66	91	109					
72		72	99	119					
78		78	108	129					
84			116	139					
90			124	149					
96			132	158					
102			141	168					
108				175					
114				196					
120				206					

Handling Weight for ALUMINUM ULTRA FLO®

	Weight (Pounds/Lineal Foot)							
Diameter (in.)	Specified Thickness (in.) and Gage							
Didilielei (III.)	(0.060) (0.075) 16 14		(0.105) 12	(0.135) 10				
18	5	6						
21	6	8	11					
24	7	9	13					
30	9	11	15					
36	11	13	18	23				
42		15	21	26				
48			24	30				
54			27	34				
60			30	37				
66				41				
72				45				

Weights for polymer-coated pipe are 1% to 4% higher, varying by gage.



ULTRA FLO® is available in long lengths, and its light weight allows it to be unloaded and handled with small equipment.



Reduced excavation due to the smaller outside diameter of ULTRA FLO $^{\circledast}$.

Installation of CMP

Overview

Satisfactory site preparation, trench excavation, bedding and backfill operations are essential to develop the strength of any flexible conduit. In order to obtain proper strength while preventing settlement, it is necessary that the soil envelope around the pipe be of good granular material, properly placed and carefully compacted.

Bedding

Bedding preparation is critical to both pipe performance and service life. The bed should be constructed to uniform line and grade to avoid distortions that may create undesirable stresses in the pipe and/or rapid deterioration of the roadway. The bed should be free of rock formations, protruding stones, frozen lumps, roots and other foreign matter that may cause unequal settlement.

Placing the pipe

Corrugated metal pipe weighs much less than other commonly used drainage structures. This is due to the efficient strength of the metal, further improved with carefully designed and formed corrugations. Even the heaviest sections of Contech pipe can be handled with relatively light equipment compared with equipment required for much heavier reinforced concrete pipe.

Backfill

Satisfactory backfill material, proper placement and compaction are key factors in obtaining maximum strength and stability. Backfill should be a well-graded granular material and should be free of large stones, frozen lumps and other debris.

Backfill materials should be placed in layers about six inches deep, deposited alternately on opposite sides of the pipe. Each layer should be compacted carefully. Select backfill is placed and compacted until minimum cover height is reached, at which point, standard road embankment backfill procedures are used.

Installation References

For more information, see AASHTO Bridge Construction Specification Section 26, the Installation Manual of the National Corrugated Steel Pipe Association, ASTM A798 for steel and ASTM B788 for aluminum ULTRA FLO®.

Additional Considerations for ULTRA FLO® Installations Bedding and Backfill

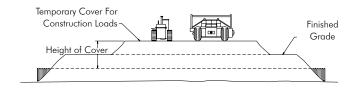
Typical ULTRA FLO® installation requirements are the same as for any other corrugated metal pipe installed in a trench. Bedding and backfill materials for ULTRA FLO® follow the requirements of the CMP installation specifications mentioned above, and must be free from stones, frozen lumps or other debris. When ASTM A796 (steel) or B790 (aluminum) designs are to be followed for condition III requirements, indicated by asterisk (*) in the tables on page 13 and 14, use clean, easily compacted granular backfill materials.

Embankment Conditions

ULTRA FLO® is a superior CMP storm sewer product that is normally installed in a trench condition. In those unusual embankment installation conditions, pipe sizes and gages may be restricted. Your Contech Sales Representative can provide you with further guidance.

Construction Loads

For temporary construction vehicle loads, an extra amount of compacted cover may be required over the top of the pipe. The Height of Cover shall meet minimum requirements shown in the table below. The use of heavy construction equipment necessitates greater protection for the pipe than finished grade cover minimums for normal highway traffic.



Min. Height of Cover Requirements for Construction Loads HEL-COR® Corrugated Steel Pipe*							
Minimum Cover (ft.) for Indicated Diameter Axle Loads (kips)							
(in.)	18-50	50-75	75-110	110-150			
12-42	2.0	2.5	3.0	3.0			
48-72	3.0	3.0	3.5	4.0			
78-120	3.0	3.5	4.0	4.0			
126-144	3.5	4.0	4.5	4.5			

Min. Height of Cover Requirements for Construction Loads CORLIX® Corrugated Aluminum Pipe*							
Diameter	Minimum Cover (ft.) for Indicated Axle Loads (kips)						
(in.)	18-50	50-75	110-150				
12-42	3.0	3.5	4.0	4.0			
48-72	4.0	4.0	5.0	5.5			
78-120	4.0	5.0	5.5	5.5			

	Min. He		Requirements f		n Loads			
Minimum Cover (ft.) for Indicated Axle Loads (kips)								
	(in.)	18-50	50-75	75-110	110-150			
			Steel 3/4" x 3	3/4" x 7-1/2"				
	15-42	2.0	2.5	3.0	3.0			
	48-72	3.0	3.0	3.5	4.0			
	78-108	3.0	3.5	4.0	4.5			
		Aluminum 3/4" x 3/4" x 7-1/2"						
	15-42	3.0	3.5	4.0	4.0			

Minimum cover may vary depending on local conditions. The contractor must provide the additional cover required to avoid damage to the pipe. Minimum cover is measured from the top of the pipe to the top of the maintained construction roadway surface.

Smooth Cor™ Pipe

Excellent Hydraulics, Long Lengths and Easy Installation

Corrugated Steel Shell

Smooth Cor pipe has a smooth interior steel liner that provides a Manning's "n" of 0.012. Its rugged, corrugated steel shell supplies the structural strength to outperform rigid pipe. Smooth Cor pipe is both the economical and performance alternate to concrete.

Superior hydraulics

Smooth Cor, with its smooth interior surface, is hydraulically superior to conventional corrugated steel pipe and with fewer joints and better interior surface, outperforms reinforced concrete pipe.

Smooth Cor, with its long lengths, light weight and beam strength, is superior to concrete pipe in many difficult situations such as poor soils, poor subsurface drainage conditions, steep slopes and high fills. Smooth Cor should be specified as an alternate under normal site conditions, and specified exclusively under very difficult situations that demand the strength of CSP with positive joints and a hydraulically efficient smooth liner.

Two Pipe Shapes

In addition to full-round pipe, Smooth Cor comes in a pipe-arch shape for limited headroom conditions. The low, wide pipe-arch design distributes the flow area horizontally, enabling it to be installed with lower head room than a round pipe.

Structural Design

Reference specifications

Material	Polymer-Coated	ASTM A 929		
		AASHTO M246		
		ASTM A 742		
Pipe	Polymer	AASHTO M245		
		ASTM A 762 & A 760		
Design	Steel Pipe	AASHTO Section 12		
		ASTM A 796		
Installation	Steel Pipe	AASHTO Section 26		
		ASTM A 798		

Smooth Cor is lined with either 18 or 20 gage (GA) steel. Contech has taken a conservative approach to the Height of Cover. The maximum heights of cover are based on the shell thickness with no additional structural allowance for the liner as provided for in the AASHTO and ASTM design specifications. Using this approach, the Height of Cover tables for 2 2/3" x 1/2" and 3" x 1" steel corrugations can be used for Smooth Cor.

Diameters

Smooth Cor is available in diameters ranging from 18 inches to 66 inches in 2 2/3" x 1/2" corrugation. The 3" x 1" corrugation is available in diameters of 48" to 126".

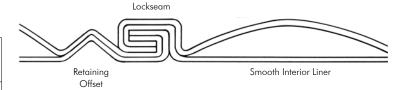
Pipe-arch sizes range from 21" x 15" through 77" x 52" for 2 2/3" x 1/2" corrugations, and 53" x 41" through 137" x 87" for 3" x 1" corrugations.

Materials

Smooth Cor is available with a heavy-gage polymer coating that allows the engineer to design for long service life. This coating is a tough, heavy-gage polymer film laminated to both sides of the steel coil, providing a barrier to corrosion and mild abrasion which is particularly effective for protection in corrosive soils.

Fittings

Smooth Cor can be fabricated into any type of structure including tees, elbows, laterals, catch basins, manifolds and reducers. Pre-fabricated fittings are more economical and have superior hydraulic characteristics when compared to concrete structures.





QUICK STAB® Joint

Save Time and Money With Faster Pipe Bell and Spigot Coupling

The Contech QUICK STAB Bell and Spigot joint speeds installation of corrugated metal pipe (CMP), reducing your costs. With the QUICK STAB coupling system, installation of CMP storm sewers and culverts has never been easier or faster.

The QUICK STAB joint creates a bell and spigot joining system with the bell only 1-1/2" larger than the pipe's O.D. Assembled at the factory, the QUICK STAB bell is shipped to the job site ready for installation. The only field operation is placing a special fluted gasket onto the spigot end of the pipe, applying lubricant and pushing it into the bell end of the preceding pipe. Without bands, bolts and wrenches to work and worry with, you can join pipe segments 50% to 90% faster—saving time, money and aggravation.

Soil Tight Joint

Contech's QUICK STAB joint provides the same soil tightness as conventional CMP bands. Each QUICK STAB joint uses a double sealing fluted gasket to seal the spigot against the bell. A flat gasket is installed at the plant between the pipe and the corrugated end of the bell. With the deep bell, you gain maximum soil tightness with minimal installation effort.

Wide Variety of Coatings and Materials

- Plain galvanized
- Aluminized Steel Type 2 (ALT2)
- Aluminum
- Polymeric coated

Four Times Faster Installation Than Concrete

The QUICK STAB's bell and spigot joining system allows pipe segments to be joined quicker than reinforced concrete pipe. Next, add in Contech's corrugated metal pipe's length advantage—each segment is four times longer than standard concrete pipe lengths. That means fewer joints and faster installation—up to four times faster! Plus, with the bell only 1-1/2" larger than the pipe, trench excavation is considerably less compared with concrete—again, saving time and money.

Field Installation Instructions

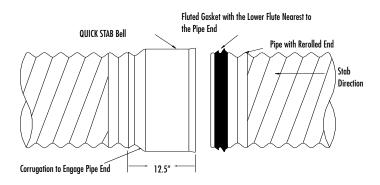
The spigot and bell ends must be cleaned of any dirt or debris prior to assembly. The fluted gasket shall be placed in the first corrugation with the lower flute nearest the end of the pipe. The bell & gasket shall be thoroughly lubed just before stabbing in the bell. Do not place hands, fingers, or any other body parts between bell and spigot during assembly. If it is necessary to pull the joint apart, the bell, spigot and gasket shall be inspected and cleaned of any dirt or debris prior to re-stabbing.

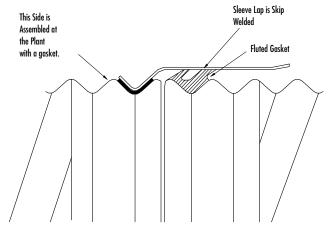
Corrugated Metal Pipe Bell and Spigot Joint Specification

The joints shall be of such design and the ends of the corrugated metal pipe sections so formed that the pipe can be laid together to make a continuous line of pipe. The joint shall be made from the same material as the pipe and shall prevent infiltration of the fill material.



Bell and Spigot Coupling System for CMP





The Bell and Spigot joint is available on ULTRA FLO® and 2 2/3" x 1/2" corrugation in 15" through 60" diameter.

End Sections

Easily installed, easily maintained culvert end treatments for corrugated metal pipe, reinforced concrete pipe and HDPE Pipe

Contech End Sections provide a practical, economical and hydraulically superior method of finishing a variety of culvert materials.

The lightweight, flexible metal construction of Contech End Sections creates an attractive, durable and erosion-preventing treatment for all sizes of culvert inlets and outlets. They can be used with corrugated metal pipe having either annular or helical corrugations, and both reinforced concrete and plastic pipes. End sections can be salvaged when lengthening or relocating the culvert.

Standard End Sections are fabricated from pregalvanized steel. For added corrosion resistance, Aluminized Type 2 or Aluminum End Sections are available in smaller sizes. Special End Sections for multiple pipe installations may be available on a specific inquiry basis.

Better hydraulics

Flow characteristics are greatly improved by the exacting design of Contech End Sections. Scour and sedimentation conditions are improved, and headwater depth can be better controlled. Culverts aligned with the stream flow and finished with Contech End Sections generally require no additional hydraulic controls.

Improved appearance

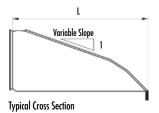
Contech End Sections blend well with the surroundings. The tapered sides of an End Section merge with slope design to improve roadside appearance. Unsightly weeds and debris collection at the culvert end are reduced.

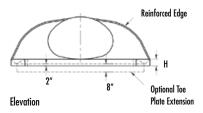
Economical installation

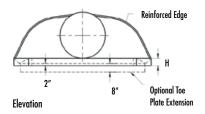
Lightweight equipment and simple crew instructions result in smooth and easy installation. Contech End Sections are easily joined to culvert barrels, forming a continuous, one-piece structure. For easiest installation, End Sections should be installed at the same time as the culvert. Installation is completed by tamping soil around the End Section.

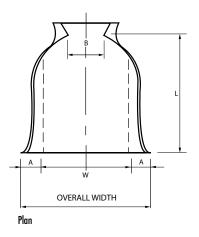
Low maintenance

Contech End Sections reduce maintenance expense because their tapered design promotes easier mowing and snow removal. There is no obstruction to hamper weed cutting.









Notes for all End Sections:

- All three-piece bodies to have 12 GA sides and 10 GA center panels. Multiple panel bodies to have lap seams which are to be tightly joined by galvanized rivets or bolts.
- 2. For 60" through 84" sizes, reinforced edges are supplemented with stiffener angles. The angles are attached by galvanized nuts and bolts. For the 66" and 72" round equivalent pipe-arch sizes, reinforced edges are supplemented by angles. The angles are attached by galvanized nuts and bolts.
- 3. Angle reinforcements are placed under the center panel seams on the 66" and 72" round equivalent pipe-arch sizes.
- Toe plate is available as an accessory, when specified on the order, and will be same gage (GA) as the End Section.
- 5. Stiffener angles, angle reinforcement, and toe plates are the same base metal as end section body.

End sections with 6:1 and 4:1 slopes are available in 12" through 24" diameters.

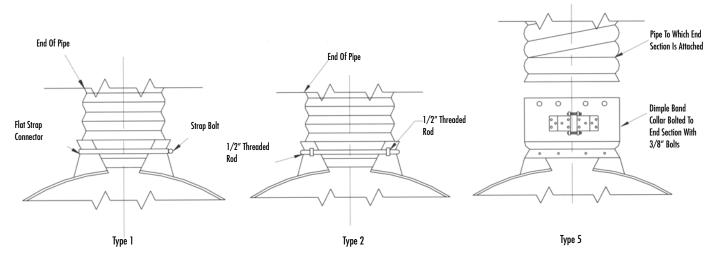
- 7. Actual dimensions may vary slightly.
- 8. During manufacturing, a slight invert slope may result along the length of the end section to be accommodated in the field.

	E	nd Sections for	Round Pipe (2-	2/3" x 1/2", 3"	x 1" and 5" x 1	I")					
	Approximate Dimensions, Inches (7)										
Pipe Diameter	Gage	A (+/-1")	B (Max)	H (Min)	L (+/-2")	W (+/- 2")	Overall Width (+/- 4")				
12	16	6	6	6	21	24	36				
15	16	7	8	6	26	30	44				
18	16	8	10	6	31	36	52				
21	16	9	12	6	36	42	60				
24	16	10	13	6	41	48	68				
30	14	12	16	8	51	60	84				
36	14	14	19	9	60	72	100				
42	12	16	22	11	69	84	116				
48	12	18	27	12	78	90	126				
54	12	18	30	12	84	102	138				
60	12/10	18	33	12	87	114	150				
66	12/10	18	36	12	87	120	156				
72	12/10	18	39	12	87	126	162				
78	12/10	18	42	12	87	132	168				
84	12/10	18	45	12	87	138	174				

			End Sections f	or Pipe-Arch	(2-2/3" x 1/2	")					
	Approximate Dimensions, Inches (7)										
Round Equivalent	Span x Rise (in.)	Gage	A (+/-1")	B (Max)	H (+/-1")	L (+/- 2")	W (+/- 2")	Overall Width (+/-4")			
15	17 x 13	16	7	9	6	19	30	44			
18	21 x 15	16	7	10	6	23	36	50			
21	24 x 18	16	8	12	6	28	42	58			
24	28 x 20	16	9	14	6	32	48	66			
30	35 x 24	14	10	16	6	39	60	80			
36	42 x 29	14	12	18	8	46	75	99			
42	49 x 33	12	13	21	9	53	85	111			
48	57 x 38	12	18	26	12	63	90	126			
54	64 x 43	12	18	30	12	70	102	138			
60	71 x 47	12/10	18	33	12	77	114	150			
66	77 x 52	12/10	18	36	12	77	126	162			
72	83 x 57	12/10	18	39	12	77	138	174			

	End Sections for Pipe-Arch (3" x 1" and 5" x 1")									
	Approximate Dimensions, Inches (7)									
Round Equivalent	Span x Rise (in.)	Gage	A (+/-1")	B (Max)	H (+/- 1")	W (+/- 2")	L (+/- 2")	Overall Width (+/-4")		
48	53 x 41	12	18	25	12	90	63	126		
54	60 x 46	12	18	34	12	102	70	138		
60	66 x 51	12/10	18	33	12	116	77	152		
66	73 x 55	12/10	18	36	12	126	77	162		
72	81 x 59	12/10	18	39	12	138	77	174		
78	87 x 63	12/10	20	38	12	148	77	188		
84	95 x 67	12/10	20	34	12	162	87	202		
90	103 x 71	12/10	20	38	12	174	87	214		
96	112 x 75	12/10	20	40	12	174	87	214		

Contech End Sections attach to corrugated metal pipe, reinforced concrete and plastic pipe.



Note: The Type 3 connection is not illustrated. This connection is a one-foot length of pipe attached to the end section.



Multiple End Section on Round CSP



End Sections are available for CSP Pipe-Arch



Contech End Sections are often used on concrete pipe. They can be used on both the bell and spigot end.



Low-slope End Sections — Contech manufactures 4:1 and 6:1 low-slope End Sections for corrugated metal pipe.
This photo shows the optional field-attached safety bars.

Contech® Engineered Solutions provides innovative, cost-effective site solutions to engineers, contractors and developers on projects across North America. Our portfolio includes bridges, drainage, erosion control, retaining wall, sanitary sewer and stormwater management products.

For more information, call one of Contech's Regional Offices located in the following cities:

Ohio (Corporate Office) 513-645-7000

California (Roseville) 800-548-4667 Colorado (Denver) 720-587-2700 Florida (Orlando) 321-348-3520 Maine (Scarborough) 207-885-9830 Maryland (Baltimore) 410-740-8490 Oregon (Portland) 503-258-3180 Texas (Dallas) 972-590-2000

www.ContechES.com | 800-338-1122

NOTHING IN THIS CATALOG SHOULD BE CONSTRUED AS A WARRANTY. APPLICATIONS SUGGESTED HEREIN ARE DESCRIBED ONLY TO HELP READERS MAKE THEIR OWN EVALUATIONS AND DECISIONS, AND ARE NEITHER GUARANTEES NOR WARRANTIES OF SUITABILITY FOR ANY APPLICATION. CONTECH MAKES NO WARRANTY WHATSOEVER, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, RELATED TO THE APPLICATIONS, MATERIALS, COATINGS, OR PRODUCTS DISCUSSED HEREIN. ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED BY CONTECH. SEE CONTECH'S CONDITIONS OF SALE (AVAILABLE AT WWW.CONTECHES.COM/COS) FOR MORE INFORMATION.



